

# On a mathematical model arising in the nuclear fusion by magnetic confinement in Stellarator devices: existence of solutions and numerical approach

Juan Francisco Padiá  
Universidad Politécnica de Madrid

We present a short survey on some mathematical results and some numerical experiments on a non-local two dimensional free boundary problem modeling the magnetic confinement of a plasma in a Stellarator device. One of the main difficulties of the magnetically controlled plasma fusion (in axisymmetric geometric devices as Tokamaks or non axisymmetric geometric ones as Stellarators), is to determinate the conditions on the magnetic field and on the current density in order to maintain the plasma far from the camera walls. We will prove the existence of a solution (Díaz, Padiá, Rakotoson 1998) by means of a Galerkin argument for a new family of elliptic problems associated to an equivalent *direct* (but *non-local*) formulation of problem and by finite elements we show some numerical results (Díaz, Galán, Padiá 2012).

## References

- [1] J.I. DIAZ, *Modelos bidimensionales de equilibrio magnetohidrodinámico para Stellarators, Informe #2. Existencia de soluciones*. CIEMAT Rep-

ports. Madrid, (1992).

- [2] J. I. DÍAZ, P. GALÁN DEL SASTRE and J. F. PADIAL, *On a mathematical model arising in MHD perturbed equilibrium for Stellarator devices. A numerical approach*, Proceedings of the 2012 International Conference on High Performance Computing & Simulation; Editor Woleed W. Smari, The Printing House, Inc., ISBN: 978-1-4673-2361-1; (2012), pp. 628–634.
- [3] J. I. DÍAZ, J. F. PADIAL and J. M. RAKOTOSON, Mathematical treatment of the magnetic confinement in a current-carrying Stellarator, *Non-linear Analysis, Theory, Methods and Applications* **34** (1998), pp. 857–887.